ADA American Dental Association[®] Dental Claim Form

HEADER INFORMATION

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1. Type of Transaction (Mark all applicable boxes)

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P.O. Box 1850 Alpharetta, GA 30023-1850 Payer ID: 88888 Phone: 877-280-4204

	Statement of Actual Services Request for Predetermination/Preauthorization EPSDT / Title XIX								Insurance Company Payer ID: 88888 Phone: 877-280-4204							4		
2. Predetermination/Preauthorization Number							PO	DLICYHOL	DER/S	UBSCRIE			(Assigned	by Plan Named	in #3)			
									POLICYHOLDER/SUBSCRIBER INFORMATION (Assigned by Plan Named in #3) 12. Policyholder/Subscriber Name (Last, First, Middle Initial, Suffix), Address, City, State, Zip Code									
DENTAL BEN	IEFIT PLA	N INF	ORMAT	ION						1								
3. Company/Plar	n Name, Ado	ress, Ci	ty, State,	Zip Cod	е													
Dentegra Insu		any																
P.O. Box 1850 Alpharetta, GA 30023-1850									- <u>r</u>									
Payer ID: 88888						13.	Date of Birtl	h (MM/D	D/CCYY)	14. Gender	_	5. Policyhold	er/Subscriber ID	(Assigned by Plan				
Phone: 877-280-4204											,	M_F	U					
OTHER COVERAGE (Mark applicable box and complete items 5-11. If none, leave blank.)									16.	Plan/Group	Number	r	17. Employer N	Name				
4. Dental? Medical? (If both, complete 5-11 for dental only.)																		
5. Name of Policyholder/Subscriber in #4 (Last, First, Middle Initial, Suffix)							PA	TIENT IN	FORM	ATION				1				
							_			· _	ubscriber in #12		-	19. Reserv Use	ed For Future			
6. Date of Birth (6. Date of Birth (MM/DD/CCYY) 7. Gender 8. Policyholder/Subscriber ID (Assigned by Plan)						· —	Self	<u> </u>	ouse	Dependent C		Other					
			M							20.	Name (Last	, First, N	/liddle Initia	I, Suffix), Addre	ss, City,	State, Zip C	ode	
9. Plan/Group N	umber		10. Pati	_	- ·	to Persor			N41									
44 01		(D			Spouse		epende		Other	_								
11. Other Insura	nce Compan	y/Denta	Benefit	Plan Nar	ne, Addre	ess, City, a	state, ZI	p Code										
										21	Date of Birtl	h (MM/D		22. Gender	2	3 Dationt ID	/Account # (Acc	igned by Dentist)
										21.			D/CCTT)		_	5. Fallent IL	Account # (Ass	igned by Dentist)
RECORD OF			(1050										1					
		25. Are								.								
24. Proce (MM/DD	dure Date D/CCYY)	of Oral Cavity	Tooth	27	7. Tooth Nu or Lette			28. Tooth 29. Procedure 29a. Diag. 29b. Surface Code Pointer Qty. 30.		0. Description			31. Fee					
1		Ouvity	Gystein															
2									1									
3																		
4																		
5									+									
6									+									
7																		
8									+									
9																		
10																		
33. Missing Teeth	n Information	(Place	an "X" or	n each m	issing too	oth.)	,	34	. Diagnosis	Code L	ist Qualifier		(ICD-10	= AB)			31a. Other	
1 2 3	4 5	6 7	8 9	9 10	11 12	13 14	15	16 34	a. Diagnosis	s Code	(S)	Α		C			Fee(s)	
32 31 30	29 28	27 26	25 2	4 23	22 21	20 19	18	17 (Pi	rimary diagr	nosis in	ו " A ")	В		D			32. Total Fee	
35. Remarks																		
AUTHORIZAT	TIONS									ANC	ILLARY C	LAIM/1	REATM	ENT INFORM	ATION	1		
36. I have been in charges for d										38. Pla	ace of Treatn			11=office; 22=O/P) 39. Enc	osures (Y or N)	
charges for dental services and materials not paid by my dental benefit plan, unless prohibited by law, or the treating dentist or dental practice has a contractual agreement with my plan prohibiting all or a portion of such charges. To the extent permitted by law, I consent to your use and disclosure							(Use "Place of Service Codes for Professional Claims")											
of a portion of such charges. To the extent permitted by law, I consent to your use and disclosure of my protected health information to carry out payment activities in connection with this claim.						40. ls	40. Is Treatment for Orthodontics?						41. Date Appliance Placed (MM/DD/CCYY)					
New York: Any person who knowingly and with intent to defraud any insurance company or other person files an applicationor insurance or statement of claim containing any materially false information, or conceals for the purpose of misleading, information							No (Skip 41-42) Yes (Complet					,						
concerning any fact in not to exceed five the	material thereto,	commits a	fraudulent	insurance a	act, which is	a crime shal	l also be si	ubject to a civ	il penalty	42. Mo	onths of Trea	atment	· · ·	acement of Pro		44. Date o	f Prior Placemer	nt (MM/DD/CCYY)
X													No	Yes (Comp	lete 44)			
Patient/Guard	*		mont -f "	he d	hor-ft		Date	o to m	ire eth :	45. Tre	eatment Res	•			lo ocalida	unt 🖵	Other	n t
37. I hereby authorize and direct payment of the dental benefits otherwise payable to me, directly to the below named dentist or dental entity.							Occupational illness/injury Auto accident Other accident											
^								46. Date of Accident (MM/DD/CCYY) 47. Auto Accident State TREATING DENTIST AND TREATMENT LOCATION INFORMATION										
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	DENT					Date	ol or 414	not				-			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
BILLING DEN submitting claim						k if dentist	or denta	ai entity is	not		nereby certify ultiple visits)				by date a	ire in progre	ss (for procedur	es that require
48. Name, Addre											,							
	, <i>S</i> , Ota	, <u></u> p 0				X					Cian - 1 (T	tin - D	ntiot)				D-1-	
-							Signed (Treating Dentist) Date 54. NPI 55. License Number											
	-						-	dress, City,	State 7	in Code								
		50	Liocna	Number		E1 0	SN or T	INI		JU. A0	uicoo, Uily,	Jiale, Z	ih cone	l	56a. Pro Specialt	y Code		
49. NPI		50	License	NUTIDE		51.5	SN or T											
52. Phone					52a. Ad	ditional				57. Ph					58. Add	itional		
Number					Pro	vider ID					umber				Prov	vider ID		

ADA American Dental Association®

America's leading advocate for oral health

The following information highlights certain form completion instructions. Comprehensive ADA Dental Claim Form completion instructions are posted on the ADA's web site (https://www.ADA.org/en/publications/cdt/ada-dental-claim-form).

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

- A. The form is designed so that the name and address (Item 3) of the third-party payer receiving the claim (insurance company/dental benefit plan) is visible in a standard #9 window envelope (window to the left). Please fold the form using the 'tick-marks' printed in the margin.
- B. Complete all items unless noted otherwise on the form or in the instructions posted on the ADA's web site (ADA.org).
- C. Enter the full name of an individual or a full business name, address and zip code when a name and address field is required.
- D. All dates must include the four-digit year.
- E. If the number of procedures reported exceeds the number of lines available on one claim form, list the remaining procedures on a separate, fully completed claim form.
- F. GENDER Codes (Items 7, 14 and 22) M = Male; F = Female; U = Unknown

COORDINATION OF BENEFITS (COB)

When a claim is being submitted to the secondary payer, complete the entire form and attach the primary payer's Explanation of Benefits (EOB) showing the amount paid by the primary payer. You may also note the primary carrier paid amount in the "Remarks" field (Item 35).

DIAGNOSIS CODING

The form supports reporting up to four diagnosis codes per dental procedure. This information is required when the diagnosis may affect claim adjudication when specific dental procedures may minimize the risks associated with the connection between the patient's oral and systemic health conditions. Diagnosis codes are linked to procedures using the following fields:

Item 29a – Diagnosis Code Pointer ("A" through "D" as applicable from Item 34a)

Item 34 – Diagnosis Code List Qualifier (AB for ICD-10-CM)

Item 34a - Diagnosis Code(s) / A, B, C, D (up to four, with the primary adjacent to the letter "A")

PLACE OF TREATMENT

Enter the 2-digit Place of Service Code for Professional Claims, a HIPAA standard maintained by the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services. Frequently used codes are:

11 = Office; 12 = Home; 21 = Inpatient Hospital; 22 = Outpatient Hospital; 31 = Skilled Nursing Facility; 32 = Nursing Facility

The full list is available online at:

https://www.cms.gov/Medicare/Medicare-Fee-for-Service-Payment/PhysicianFeeSched/Downloads/Website-POS-database.pdf

PROVIDER SPECIALTY

This code is entered in Item 56a and indicates the type of dental professional who delivered the treatment. The general code listed as "Dentist" may be used instead of any of the other codes.

Category / Description Code	Code				
Dentist A dentist is a person qualified by a doctorate in dental surgery (D.D.S.) or dental medicine (D.M.D.) licensed by the state to practice dentistry, and practicing within the scope of that license.	122300000X				
General Practice	1223G0001X				
Dental Specialty (see following list)	Various				
Dental Public Health	1223D0001X				
Endodontics	1223E0200X				
Orthodontics	1223X0400X				
Pediatric Dentistry	1223P0221X				
Periodontics	1223P0300X				
Prosthodontics	1223P0700X				
Oral & Maxillofacial Pathology	1223P0106X				
Oral & Maxillofacial Radiology	1223D0008X				
Oral & Maxillofacial Surgery	1223S0112X				

Provider taxonomy codes listed above are a subset of the full code set that is posted at: http://www.wpc-edi.com/reference/codelists/healthcare/health-care-provider-taxonomy-code-set/



You may be subject to civil and criminal penalties for knowingly providing false or misleading information.

Alabama: Any person who knowingly presents a false or fraudulent claim for payment of a loss or benefit or who knowingly presents false information in an application for insurance is guilty of a crime and may be subject to restitution fines or confinement in prison, or any combination thereof. **Alaska:** A person who knowingly and with intent to injure, defraud, or deceive an insurance company files a claim containing false, incomplete or misleading information may be prosecuted under this title. **Arizona:** For your protection

Arizona law requires the following statement to appear on this form. Any person who knowingly presents a false or fraudulent claim for payment of a loss is subject to criminal

and civil penalties. Arkansas: Any person who knowingly presents a false or fraudulent claim for payment for a loss or benefit or knowingly presents false information in an application for insurance is guilty of a crime and may be subject to fines and confinement in prison. California: For your protection, California law requires the following to appear on this form: Any person who knowingly presents false or fraudulent claim for the payment of a loss is guilty of a crime and may be subject to fines and confinement in state prison. Colorado: It is unlawful to knowingly provide false, incomplete, or misleading facts or information to an insurance company for the purpose of defrauding or attempting to defraud the company. Penalties may include imprisonment, fines, denial of insurance and civil damages. Any insurance company or agent of an insurance company who knowingly provides false, incomplete, or misleading facts or information to a policyholder or claimant for the purpose of defrauding or attempting to defraud the policyholder or claimant with regard to a settlement or award payable from insurance proceeds shall be reported to the Colorado division of insurance within the department of regulatory agencies. Delaware: Any person who knowingly, and with intent to injure, defraud or deceive any insurer, files a statement of claim containing any false, incomplete or misleading information is guilty of a felony. District of Columbia: WARNING: It is a crime to provide false or misleading information to an insurer for the purpose of defrauding the insurer or any other person. Penalties include imprisonment and/or fines. In addition, an insurer may deny insurance benefits if false information materially related to a claim was provided by the applicant. Florida: Any person who knowingly and with intent to injure, defraud or deceive any insurance company files a statement of claim containing any false, incomplete, or misleading information is guilty of a felony of the third degree. Hawaii: For your protection, Hawaii law requires you to be informed that presenting a fraudulent claim for payment of a loss or benefit is a crime punishable by fines or imprisonment, or both. Idaho: Any person who knowingly, and with intent to defraud or deceive any insurance company, files a statement containing any false, incomplete, or misleading information is guilty of a felony. Indiana: Any person who knowingly, and with intent to defraud an insurer, files a statement of claim containing false, incomplete or misleading information commits a felony. Kansas: Any person who knowingly files a statement of claim containing any misrepresentation or any false, incomplete or misleading information may be guilty of a criminal act punishable under law and may be subject to civil penalties. Kentucky: Any person who knowingly and with intent to defraud any insurance company or other person files a statement of claim containing any materially false information or conceals, for the purpose of misleading, information any fact material thereto commits a fraudulent insurance act, which is a crime. Louisiana: Any person who knowingly presents a false or fraudulent claim for payment of a loss or benefit or knowingly presents false information in an application for insurance is guilty of a crime and may be subject to fines and confinement in prison. Maine: It is a crime to knowingly provide false, incomplete or misleading information to an insurance company for the purposes of defrauding the company. Penalties may include imprisonment, fines or a denial of insurance benefits. Maryland: Any person who knowingly and willfully presents a false or fraudulent claim for payment for a loss or benefit or who knowingly and willfully presents false information in an application for insurance is guilty of a crime and may be subject to fines and confinement in prison. Minnesota: A person who files a claim with intent to defraud or helps commit a fraud against an insurer is guilty of a crime. New Hampshire: Any person who, with a purpose to injure, defraud or deceive any insurance company, files a statement of claim containing any false, incomplete or misleading information is subject to prosecution and punishment for insurance fraud as provided in R.S.A. 638.20. New Jersey: Any person who knowingly files a statement of claim containing any false or misleading information is subject to civil and criminal penalties. New Mexico: Any person who knowingly presents a false or fraudulent claim for payment of a loss or benefit or knowingly presents false information in an application for insurance is guilty of a crime and may be subject to civil fines and criminal penalties. Ohio: Any person who, with the intent to defraud or knowing that he is facilitating a fraud against an insurer, submits an application or files a claim containing a false or deceptive statement is guilty of insurance fraud. Oklahoma: WARNING: Any person who knowingly, and with intent to injure, defraud or deceive any insurer, makes any claim for the proceeds of an insurance policy containing any false, incomplete or misleading information is guilty of a felony. Pennsylvania: Any person who knowingly and with intent to defraud any insurance company or other person files an application for insurance or statement of claim containing any materially false information or conceals for the purpose of misleading, information concerning any fact material thereto commits a fraudulent insurance act, which is a crime and subjects such person to criminal and civil penalties. Puerto Rico: Any person who knowingly and with the intention to defraud presents false information in an insurance application or, who presents helps or has a fraudulent claim presented for the payment of a loss or other benefit, or presents more than one claim for the same loss or damage, will incur in a felony and if convicted, will be sanctioned for each violation with a fine of no less than five thousand (\$5,000) dollars or no more than ten thousand (\$10,000) dollars or imprisonment by the fixed term of three years, or both punishments. With aggravating circumstances the fixed term of the punishment could go up to five (5) years; with mitigating circumstances the punishment could be reduced to a minimum of two (2) years. Rhode Island: Any person who knowingly presents a false or fraudulent claim for payment of a loss or benefit or knowingly presents false information in an application for insurance is guilty of a crime and may be subject to fines and confinement in prison. Tennessee: It is a crime to knowingly provide false, incomplete or misleading information to an insurance company for the purposes of defrauding the company. Penalties may include imprisonment, fines or a denial of insurance benefits. Utah: Any person who knowingly presents false or fraudulent underwriting information, files or causes to be filed a false or fraudulent claim for disability compensation or medical benefits, or submits a false or fraudulent report or billing for health care fees or other professional services is guilty of a crime and may be subject to fines and confinement in state prison. Virginia: It is a crime to knowingly provide false, incomplete or misleading information to an insurance company for the purpose of defrauding the company. Penalties include imprisonment, fines and denial of insurance benefits. Washington: It is a crime to knowingly provide false, incomplete, or misleading information to an insurance company for the purpose of defrauding the company. Penalties include imprisonment, fines, and denial of insurance benefits. West Virginia: Any person who knowingly presents a false or fraudulent claim for payment of a loss or benefit or knowingly presents false information in an application for insurance is guilty of a crime and may be subject to fines and confinement in prison.